## IN THE UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT FOR THE MIDDLE DISTRICT OF ALABAMA NORTHERN DIVISION

LAMAR BURGANS,	)
Plaintiff,	) )
v.	) Case No. 2:23-cv-264-ECM-SMD
BLAKE TRUMAN, et al.,	) (WO)
Defendants.	)

## RECOMMENDATION OF THE MAGISTRATE JUDGE

Plaintiff filed this *pro se* civil action on April 7, 2023, while incarcerated at the Covington County Jail in Andalusia, Alabama. On May 1, 2023, the Court entered an Order (Doc. 3) directing Plaintiff to pay the required fees or to file an application for leave to proceed *in forma pauperis* with the required documentation from his prison account. The May 1 Order specifically warned Plaintiff that a failure to comply would result in a recommendation of dismissal. *Id.* at 2. Plaintiff has failed to comply with or respond to the Court's Order.

Because of Plaintiff's failure to comply with the Court's Order, the undersigned concludes that this case should be dismissed without prejudice. *Moon v. Newsome*, 863 F.2d 835, 837 (11th Cir. 1989) (stating that dismissal for failure to obey a court order is generally not an abuse of discretion where litigant has been forewarned). The authority to impose sanctions for failure to prosecute or obey an order is longstanding and acknowledged by Rule 41(b) of the Federal Rules of Civil Procedure. *See Link v. Wabash R.R. Co.*, 370 U.S. 626, 629–30 (1962). This authority empowers the courts "to manage

their own affairs so as to achieve the orderly and expeditious disposition of cases." Id. at

630–31; *Mingo v. Sugar Cane Growers Co-Op of Fla.*, 864 F.2d 101, 102 (11th Cir. 1989)

(holding that "[t]he district court possesses the inherent power to police its docket."). "The

sanctions imposed [upon dilatory litigants] can range from a simple reprimand to an order

dismissing the action with or without prejudice." Mingo, 864 F.2d at 102.

Accordingly, the undersigned Magistrate Judge RECOMMENDS that this case be

DISMISSED without prejudice.

Further, it is ORDERED that by July 7, 2023, the parties may file objections to this

Recommendation. The parties must specifically identify the factual findings and legal

conclusions in the Recommendation to which objection is made. Frivolous, conclusive or

general objections will not be considered by the Court. This Recommendation is not a final

order and, therefore, it is not appealable.

Failure to file written objections to the proposed findings and recommendations in

accordance with 28 U.S.C. § 636(b)(1) will bar a party from a de novo determination by

the District Court of legal and factual issues covered in the Recommendation and waive

the right of the party to challenge on appeal the District Court's order based on unobjected-

to factual and legal conclusions accepted or adopted by the District Court except upon

grounds of plain error or manifest injustice. See 11TH CIR. R. 3–1.

DONE this 23rd day of June, 2023.

/s/ Stephen M. Doyle STEPHEN M. DOYLE

CHIEF U.S. MAGISTRATE JUDGE

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